# Basic Criteria for Award of the Environmental Label

## Resilient Floor Coverings

**RAL-UZ 120** 



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## Table of Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Scope	4
3	Requirements	4
3.1	Manufacture	4
3.1.1	General Substance Requirements	4
3.1.2	N-Nitrosamines	6
3.1.3	Recyclate Materials	7
3.1.4	Plasticizers	7
3.2	Use	8
3.2.1	Indoor Air Quality	8
3.2.2	Serviceability	9
3.3	Recycling and Disposal	9
3.3.1	Halogens	9
3.3.2	Flame Retardants	10
3.4	Declaration and Consumer Information	10
3.5	Advertising Statements	11
4	Applicants and Parties Involved	11
5	Use of the Blue Angel Environmental Label	11



#### 1 Introduction

- Angel eco-label in co-operation with the Federal Minister for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety, Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency) and considering the results of expert hearings conducted by RAL gGmbH. RAL gGmbH has been tasked with awarding the Environmental Label.

  Upon application to RAL gGmbH and on the basis of a Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label.
  - Upon application to RAL gGmbH and on the basis of a Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label to be concluded with RAL gGmbH the permission to use the Blue Angel eco-label may be granted for all products, provided that they meet the requirements specified hereinafter.
- 1.2 Resilient floor coverings may have significant environmental impact during the entire life cycle of the product. That is why the requirements for award of the Blue Angel ecolabel refer to both the substances and materials used during the manufacturing process and the period of use and the disposal of used floor coverings as well as to the transportation packaging for new floor coverings.

Besides, floor coverings usually cover large indoor surfaces and that is why the low-est-possible emissions from these products are of great value to the user. Here, the Blue Angel eco-label lends itself as an excellent guide to low-emission products. Also, a professional installation of the flooring and the use of further low-emission products for the entire flooring structure (e.g. Low-Emission Floor Covering Adhesives and other Installation Materials according to RAL-UZ 113, Low-Emission Sealants for Interior Use according to RAL-UZ 123) play an important role in environmental and health protection.

For evaluating the emissions from floor coverings the concept of these Basic Criteria has been developed along the lines of the evaluation scheme established by the "Ausschuss zur gesundheitlichen Bewertung von Bauprodukten" (Committee for Health-Related Evaluation of Building Products) - a federal and länder expert committee representing German environmental and health authorities.

The Blue Angel for low-emission floor coverings may be awarded to products which beyond meeting all legal requirements –

- are manufactured by the use of environmentally less damaging substances and materials,
- are safe and do not pose a health hazard to the living environment and
- do not contain any hazardous substances that would seriously hamper recycling.



#### 2 Scope

These Basic Criteria apply to resilient floor coverings designed for use as covering material in indoor environments.

These Basic Criteria specifically apply to:

- Plastic floor coverings
- Floor coverings made of natural and synthetic rubber
- Linoleum floor coverings (unless the product falls within the scope of RAL-UZ 38)
- Cork floor coverings (unless the product falls within the scope of RAL-UZ 38)

The applicant shall name the relevant product standard in the Annex to the Contract.

The following definitions shall apply following DIN EN 12466<sup>1</sup>:

- Floor covering: prefabricated product in sheet or tile form which can be used to cover a floor from wall to wall.
- Resilient: ability to recover after a certain level of compression.

The Environmental Label Jury may include additional resilient floor coverings at the suggestion of the German Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency).

#### 3 Requirements

The Blue Angel eco-label shown on page 1 may be used for the labelling of products under paragraph 2, provided that they meet the requirements set forth hereinafter:

#### 3.1 Manufacture

#### 3.1.1 General Substance Requirements

The products must not contain as constituents any substances with the following properties (i.e. substances that remain in the final product where they perform a certain function) – which:

1. are identified as particularly alarming according to the Chemicals Regulation REACH (EC/1907/2006) and which have been incorporated into the list drawn up in accordance with Article 59 (1) of the REACH Regulation (so-called "list of candidates"), as amended at the time of application<sup>2</sup>.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> DIN EN 12466 Resilient floor coverings – Vocabulary, 06/1998, as amended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For the current version of the List of Candidates please go to: http://echa.europa.eu/chem\_data/authorisation\_process/candidate\_list\_table\_en.asp.



 according to the criteria of the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008<sup>3</sup> (or Directive 67/548/EEC) are assigned the following H Phrases (R Phrases) listed in Table 1 or which meet the criteria for such classification.<sup>4</sup>

Table 1: H and R Phrases applicable to the Award of the Blue Angel Eco-Label

Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (GHS Regulation)	Directive 67/548/EEC (Dangerous ) Substance Directive)	Phrase					
Toxic Substances							
H300	R28	Fatal if swallowed					
H301	R25	Toxic if swallowed					
H304	R65	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways					
H310	R27	Fatal in contact with skin					
H311	R24	Toxic in contact with skin					
H330	R26	Fatal if inhaled					
H331	R23	Toxic if inhaled					
H370	R39/23/24/25/26 /27/28	Causes damage to organs					
H372	R48/25/24/23	Causes damage to organs					
Ca	arcinogenic, Muta	genic and Reprotoxic Substances:					
H340	R46	May cause genetic defects.					
H350	R45	May cause cancer.					
H350i	R49	9 May cause cancer by inhalation.					
H360F	R60	May damage fertility.					
H360D R61		May damage the unborn child.					
		May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.					
HISPURA RAU/AI		May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.					
		May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.					

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Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, short: GHS Regulation (Globally Harmonized System), that has come into force on January 20, 2009, replaces the old Directives 67/548/EEC (Dangerous Substances Directive) and 1999/45/EC (Dangerous Preparations Directive). According to the said regulation, substances are classified, labelled and packed until December 1, 2010 according to Directive 67/548/EEC while mixtures (formerly preparations) are classified, labelled and packed until June 1, 2015 according to Directive 1999/45/EC. Thereafter the GHS Regulation shall be applied. The new indications of danger (H Phrases) as well as the hitherto applicable R Phrases shall be indicated for substances until the 1st of June 2015.

The harmonized classifications and labelling of dangerous substances can be found in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (GHS Regulation). Table 3.1 lists classifications and labellings according to the new system using H Phrases; Table 3.2 lists classifications and labellings according to the old system using R Phrases.

Moreover, a comprehensive classification and labelling inventory will be made publicly available on the ECHA website from December 1, 2010 which will also include the manufacturers' self-classifications of hazardous substances.



H362	62 R64 May cause harm to breast-fed children.				
Water-Hazardous Substances					
H400	R50	Very toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.			
H411	R51/53	Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.			
Other Health and Environmental Hazards					
EUH059	R59	Hazardous to the ozone layer.			

- 3. are classified in TRGS 905<sup>5</sup> as:
  - carcinogenic (K1, K2)
  - mutagenic (M1, M2)
  - reprotoxic (R<sub>F</sub>1, R<sub>F</sub>2)
  - teratogenic (R<sub>E</sub>1, R<sub>E</sub>2);
- 4. are classified in the MAK Value List<sup>6</sup> as:
  - carcinogenic working materials, category 1 or category 2
  - germ cell mutagenic working materials, category 1 or category 2.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirements according to the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120.

#### 3.1.2 N-Nitrosamines

Carcinogenic N-nitrosamines according to TRGS 552<sup>7</sup> may not be detectable in rubber-based floor coverings (detection limit: 3.6 µg/kg, determination limit: 11 µg/kg).

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall submit a test report according to the DIK-Arbeitsvorschrift "Methoden zur Bestimmung von N-Nitrosaminen in der Luft, Vulkanisaten und Vulkanisationsdämpfen (DIK Working Regulations "Methods for determining N-nitrosamines in the air, vulcanized materials and vulcanized steam — DIK: Deutsches Institut für Kautschuktechnologie (German Institute for Rubber Technology)) "B prepared by one of the following accredited testing laboratories (Institutes equipped with GC/TEA - Gas Chromatography/Thermal Energy Analyzer - for the analysis of carcinogenic N-

TRGS 905 List of carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances. Last amended in May 2008, as amended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MAK and BAT Value List, Senate Commission for the Testing of Health-Endangering Working Materials, last amended by Communication 46 (2010), as amended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> TRGS 552 N-nitrosamines. Last amended in May 2007, as amended.

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nitrosamines. Additional testing laboratories capable of performing these tests may be added to the list upon approval by the German Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency)):

- Deutsches Institut für Kautschuktechnologie e.V., Hannover (DIK German Institute for Rubber Technology, Hanover)
- SGS INSTITUT FRESENIUS GmbH, Taunusstein

#### 3.1.3 Recyclate Materials

The use of recyclate materials for the manufacture of floor coverings shall not be permitted. The following materials shall be exempt from this rule:

- Waste wood Category A I according to the Altholzverordnung (German Waste Wood Ordinance)9
- Waste paper grades 1.02 and 1.04 according to EN 643<sup>10</sup>

Additional materials may be added to the list upon approval by the German Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency).

This shall not apply to production scrap from the manufacturing of the floor covering.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120.

#### 3.1.4 Plasticizers

No plasticizing substances from the class of phthalates may be used in the manufacture of floor coverings.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120. In the event of detection, the content of phthalates shall be determined by extraction of a sample and subsequent analysis by use of GC/MS. The quantitative determination of the target substances is achieved by using an internal standard and a reference compound. The floor covering shall not contain more than 0.1 percent by mass of phthalates as impurities.

03/2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Verordnung über Anforderungen an die Verwertung und Beseitigung von Altholz (Altholzverordnung – AltholzV)- (Waste Wood Ordinance) (Ordinance on the Requirements Pertaining to the Recovery and Disposal of Waste Wood) dated 15 August 2002 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 3302). Last amended by Article 2 of the ordinance of 9 November 2010 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 1504).

10 DIN EN 643: Paper and board - European list of standard grades of recovered paper and board,



#### 3.2 Use

#### 3.2.1 Indoor Air Quality

The products under paragraph 2 must not exceed the emission values listed in Table 2 in the test chamber following the "Vorgehensweise bei der gesundheitlichen Bewertung der Emissionen von flüchtigen organischen Verbindungen (VOC und SVOC) aus Bauprodukten" (health risk assessment process for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs and SVOCs) from building products) developed by the Ausschuss zur gesundheitlichen Bewertung von Bauprodukten (AgBB) (Committee for Health-Related Evaluation of Building Products)11. The requirements are aimed at limiting the contribution of floor coverings to the content of volatile organic compounds in the indoor air in an average-sized living room with an air change rate of 0.5 per hour after 28 days to 300 µg/m³.

**Table 2: Emission Requirements** 

Compound or Substance	3 <sup>rd</sup> Day	Final Value (28 <sup>th</sup> Day)
Total organic compounds within the re-	≤ 1000 µg/m³	≤ 300 µg/m³
tention range		
$C_6 - C_{16}$ (TVOC)		
Total organic compounds within the re-	-	≤ 30 μg/m³
tention range		
> C <sub>16</sub> - C <sub>22</sub> (TSVOC)		
Carcinogenic substances <sup>12</sup>	≤ 10 µg/m³	<u>&lt;</u> 1 μg/m³
	total	per single value
Total VOC without LCI <sup>13</sup>	-	≤ 100 μg/m³
R value <sup>14</sup>	-	<u>&lt;</u> 1
Formaldehyde	-	$\leq$ 60 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (0.05 ppm)

The test may be stopped from the 7<sup>th</sup> day after loading if the required final values of day 28 are reached prematurely and if, compared with the measurement of day 3, no rise in the concentration of any of the detected substances has been be observed.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall submit a test certificate according to Part II of the "Grundsätze des DIBt zur gesundheitlichen Bewertung von Bauprodukten in Innenräumen" (DIBt Guide-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> AgBB Evaluation Scheme, May 2010. Published on the homepage of the German Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency): http://www.umweltbundesamt.de/bauprodukte/agbb.htm, as amended.

Substances classified according to para. 3.1.1 General Substance Requirements, Nos. 2 and/or 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> LCI = Lowest Concentration of Interest; cf. AgBB evaluation scheme (Footnote 11)

 $<sup>^{14}</sup>$  R value = total of all quotients (C<sub>i</sub> / LCl<sub>i</sub>)  $\leq$  1 (with C<sub>i</sub> = substance concentration in the chamber air, LCl<sub>i</sub> = LCI value of the substance), cf. AgBB evaluation scheme (Footnote 11)



lines for health-risk assessment of building products in indoor environments)<sup>15</sup>, on the basis of DIN EN ISO 16000-9<sup>16</sup> confirming compliance with this requirement. The test certificate shall be prepared by a testing laboratory accredited by BAM for this test (Appendix to the Basic Criteria RAL-UZ 120).

The applicant shall submit a test protocol as specified in Annex 2 to the BAM-Test Method<sup>17</sup> for determining the emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) for award of the Blue Angel eco-label according to RAL-UZ 113.

#### 3.2.2 Serviceability

The floor coverings must meet the usual quality requirements for serviceability. For this purpose, the products must meet the requirements of the relevant product standards:

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirements in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120.

#### 3.3 Recycling and Disposal

#### 3.3.1 Halogens

With a view to recycling and disposal no halogenated organic compounds (e.g. as binder, flame retardants) may be used in the manufacture of resilient floor coverings.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120. In the event of detection, the content of the halogens fluorine, chlorine and bromine shall be determined by combustion analysis (total dissolution). As a fraction of tolerable impurities the content of the above-mentioned halogens may not exceed 1 gram per kg.

sessment of building products in indoor environments), Part II: Bewertungskonzepte für Spezielle Bauprodukte (Evaluation schemes for specific building products), as of October 2008, <a href="http://www.dibt.de/de/data/Aktuelles Ref II 4 6.pdf">http://www.dibt.de/de/data/Aktuelles Ref II 4 6.pdf</a>, as amended.

<sup>16</sup> DIN EN ISO 16000 Indoor Air - Part 9: Determination of the emission of volatile organic compounds from building products and furnishing - Emission test chamber method, 04/2008, as amended.

DIBt (Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik - German Institute for Structural Engineering), Grundsätze zur gesundheitlichen Bewertung von Bauprodukten in Innenräumen (DIBt Guidelines for health-risk as-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Official Journal of BAM - Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing) Volume 33 (2/2003), p.160 et seq..



#### 3.3.2 Flame Retardants

If flame retardants are used the following ones may be used: inorganic ammonium phosphates (diammonium phosphate, ammonium poly phosphate etc.), other dehydrating minerals (aluminium hydroxide or the like), or expandable graphite.

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120.

#### 3.4 Declaration and Consumer Information

The declaration of resilient floor coverings and/or their packagings shall meet the requirements of DIN EN 685<sup>18</sup>. Moreover, the individual floor coverings shall meet the relevant product standards.

The declaration shall include, among other things:

- Identification of manufacturer or supplier company,
- Product name and material,
- Product details (composition),
- Colour/pattern as well as lot and roll number (if applicable),
- Wear resistance class,
- Length, width and thickness or covered surface for rolls or with respect to tiles tile dimensions as well as the area in square meters contained in one pack.

A short version of the following instructions and recommendations shall be enclosed with the product, including a note about how the customer may obtain a more detailed version (e.g. upon request to the manufacturer, reference to the manufacturer's website).

- Installation instructions including recommendations for the use of low-emission floor covering adhesives, surfacers and fillers (e.g. according to RAL-UZ 113) as well as primers (e.g. according to RAL-UZ 12a) the use of which will not increase the indoor air concentration of pollutants by releasing formaldehyde and solvents etc.,
- Cleaning and care instructions,
- Disposal instructions (e.g. return and recycling options).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> DIN EN 685 Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Classification, 11/2007, as amended.



#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120 and submit the corresponding product information (e.g. technical data sheet).

### 3.5 Advertising Statements

Advertising statements may not include any notes such as "tested for its biological living quality" or those which would play down risks in terms of Article 23, para. 4 of Directive 67/548/EEC, as, for example, "non-toxic", "non-hazardous to health".

#### Compliance Verification:

The applicant shall declare compliance with the requirement in the Annex to the Contract pursuant to RAL-UZ 120 and submit a technical data sheet.

#### 4 Applicants and Parties Involved

- **4.1** Manufacturers or distributors of products according to para. 2 shall be eligible for application.
- **4.2** Parties involved in the award process are:
  - RAL gGmbH to award the Blue Angel eco-label,
  - the federal state being home to applicant's production site,
  - Umweltbundesamt (Federal Environmental Agency) which after the signing of the contract receives all data and documents submitted in application for the Blue Angel in order to be able to further develop the Basic Award Criteria.

#### 5 Use of the Blue Angel Environmental Label

- 5.1 The terms governing the use of the Environmental Label by the applicant are stipulated by a Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label to be concluded with RAL gGmbH.
- 5.2 Within the scope of such contract the applicant undertakes to comply with the requirements under paragraph 3 while using the Environmental Label. Major changes are to be communicated to RAL gGmbH. Such major changes may require a new submission of the compliance verifications.
- 5.3 Contracts on the Use of the Environmental Label are concluded to fix the terms for the certification of products under paragraph 2. Such contracts shall run until December 31, 2012. They shall be extended by periods of one year each, unless terminated in



- writing by March 31, 2012 or March 31 of the respective year of extension. After the expiry of the contract the Environmental Label may neither be used for labelling nor for advertising purposes. This regulation shall not affect products being still in the market.
- 5.4 The applicant (manufacturer) shall be entitled to apply to RAL gGmbH for an extension of the right to use the label to the product entitled to the label if it is to be marketed under another brand/trade name and/or under other marketing organizations.
- **5.5** The Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label shall specify:
- **5.5.1** Applicant (manufacturer)
- **5.5.2** Brand / trade name, product designation
- **5.5.3** Distributor (label user), i.e. the marketing organization according to paragraph 5.4.

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### CONTRACT

#### No

#### on the Award of the Environmental Label

RAL gGmbH as the label-awarding agency and the firm of

(Manufacturer/Distributor)

as applicant conclude the following Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label:

 Under the following conditions the applicant shall be entitled to use the Environmental Label for the labelling of the product / product group / project Resilient Floor Coverings for

"(Brand/Trade Name)"

This shall not include the right to use the Environmental Label as part of a brand.
Unless otherwise agreed, the Environmental Label shall only be used in the above given shape and colour. The entire inner surrounding text shall always be identical as regards font size, form, thickness and colour and it shall be easy to read.

- The Environmental Label according to para. 1 may only be used for the above-mentioned product / product group / project.
- 3. If the Environmental Label is used for advertising purposes or other applicant activities the applicant shall make sure that it is exclusively used in connection with the above-named product / product group / project for which the use of the Environmental Label has been granted and settled under this contract. The applicant shall be solely responsible for the way the label is used, above all, in advertising.
- 4. During the entire period of label use the product / product group / project to be labelled shall comply with all requirements and conditions for the use of the label as specified in the "Vergabegrundlage für Uweltzeichen RAL-UZ 120" (Basic Criteria for Award of the Environmental Label RAL-UZ 120), as amended. This shall also apply to the reproduction of the Environmental Label (including the surrounding text). Claims for damages against RAL gGmbH, especially on the grounds of third party objections to applicant's use of the label and the accompanying advertising shall be ruled out.
- If the "Basic Criteria for Award of the Environmental Label" provide for checks by third parties the applicant shall bear the costs accruing in connection therewith.
- 6. Should the applicant himself or third parties find out that the applicant does not comply with the conditions as

Sankt Augustin, this ..... day of .....20...

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stipulated in paras. 2-5 the applicant shall be liable to inform RAL gGmbH and stop the use of the Environmental Label until the conditions are complied with again. Should the applicant be incapable of restoring the state required for the use of the label immediately or should the applicant seriously offend against this contract RAL gGmbH may, if necessary, withdraw the Environmental Label and prohibit the applicant from using the label any longer. Claims for damages against RAL gGmbH because of the withdrawal of the label shall be ruled out.

- 7. The Contract on the Use of the Environmental Label may be terminated for good reason.
  - Examples of good reasons are:
  - unpaid contributions
  - substantiated risk of injury and death. In such case, applicant's continued use of the Environmental Label shall be prohibited. The applicant shall not be entitled to bring a claim for damages against RAL gGmbH (see above: paragraph 6, sentence 3).
- The applicant undertakes to pay RAL gGmbH an amount according to the "Entgeltordnung für das Umweltzeichen" (Schedule of Fees for the Environmental Label), as amended, for the period of use.
- 9. According to the Basic Criteria for Award of the Environmental Label RAL-UZ 120 this contract will run until December 31, 2012. It shall be extended by periods of one year each, unless terminated in writing by March 31, 2012 or by March 31 of the respective year of extension. After the expiry of the contract the Environmental Label may neither be used for labelling nor for advertising purposes. This regulation shall not affect the products being still in the market.
- 10. Products / projects marked with the Environmental Label and the advertising for these products / projects may reach the consumer only when naming the company of the (Applicant / Distributor

Place, Date

RAL gGmbH Management (Signature of authorized person and company stamp)